EXHIBIT 24 (Excerpted)

FILED UNDER SEAL

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8			
9	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
.0	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION		
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.3	GOOGLE LLC,		
.4	Plaintiff		
.5	v.	Case No. 3:20-cv-06754-WHA	
.6	SONOS, INC.,		
.7	Defendant.		
.8			
.9	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		
20	PLAINTIFF SONOS, INC.'S FIRST SET OF FACT DISCOVERY INTERROGATORIES (NO. 12)		
21	Pursuant to Rule 33 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Defendant Google LLC		
22	("Google") hereby objects and responds to Plaintiff Sonos, Inc.'s ("Sonos") First Set of Fact		
23	Discovery Interrogatories to Defendant ("	'Interrogatories"). Google responds to these	
24	Interrogatories based on its current understanding and the information reasonably available to		
25	Google at the present time. Google reserves the right to supplement these responses if and when		
26	additional information becomes available.		
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OBJECTIONS AND RESPONSES TO FACT DISCOVERY INTERROGATORIES INTERROGATORY NO. 12:

Separately for each Asserted Claim of each Patent-In-Suit, set forth in detail the complete legal and factual basis for any assertion by Google that the Accused Instrumentalities have not infringed each such claim, including, but not limited to: an identification of each Asserted Claim of each Patent-In-Suit that Google believes is not infringed; an identification of which elements of each such Asserted Claim are allegedly not present in the Accused Instrumentalities; and for each claim element that is allegedly not present in the Accused Instrumentalities, an identification and detailed explanation of the basis for Google's assertion that the claim element is allegedly not present in the Accused Instrumentalities, including the basis for any assertion by Google that any differences between the claim element and the corresponding structure in the Accused Instrumentalities are not insubstantial and/or that the claim element and the corresponding structure in the Accused Instrumentalities do not perform substantially the same function in substantially the same way to achieve substantially the same result; and an identification of all facts supporting or refuting Google's non-infringement allegations, all persons knowledgeable of these facts (including every person whose knowledge or opinion is relied upon as a basis for Google's non-infringement assertions, the opinion or substance of his/her knowledge, and the entire basis of that knowledge or opinion), and all documents and things, including the Bates number(s) of such documents and things, concerning Google's assertion of non-infringement.

OBJECTIONS: Google incorporates by reference all of its General Objections as if fully set forth herein. Google objects to the characterization of this interrogatory as a single interrogatory given that it contains multiple discrete subparts under Fed. R. Civ. P. 33(a)(1). Google further objects to this interrogatory on the grounds that it is vague, ambiguous, unclear as to information sought, and lacking sufficient particularity to permit Google to reasonably prepare a response with respect to the undefined terms "differences between the claim element and the corresponding structure in the Accused Instrumentalities," "insubstantial," "do not perform substantially the same function in substantially the same way to achieve substantially the same result," and "knowledgeable"

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of." Google further objects to this interrogatory on the grounds that it assumes the existence of hypothetical facts that are incorrect or unknown to Google.

Google also objects to this interrogatory as overbroad, burdensome, and not proportional to the needs of the case, including to the extent it (i) seeks information regarding "[s]eparately for each Asserted Claim of each Patent-In-Suit," (ii) seeks identification of "all persons knowledgeable" of certain facts, and (iii) seeks "all documents things" concerning Google's assertion of non-infringement. Google further objects to this interrogatory as overbroad and unduly burdensome to the extent that it seeks information that is publicly available, not uniquely within the control of Google, or is equally available to Sonos. Google additionally objects to this interrogatory to the extent it seeks communications and information protected from disclosure by the attorney-client privilege and/or attorney work product doctrine. Google further objects to this interrogatory to the extent it seeks confidential and/or proprietary business information. Google also objects to this interrogatory to the extent that it premature seeks expert discovery, opinion, and/or testimony. Google also objects to this interrogatory on the grounds that it seeks information that is obtainable through less burdensome and more convenient forms of discovery.

Google further objects to this interrogatory to the extent that it is premature insofar as it seeks expert testimony before expert discovery. Google further objects to this interrogatory to the extent it improperly attempts to shift the burden of proving infringement, which belongs to Sonos, not Google. Google further objects to this interrogatory to the extent it purports to seek ESI before Sonos has shown good cause for such ESI and before the parties have agreed on a procedure for doing so in accordance with the Court's OGP.

RESPONSE:

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing General and Specific objections, Google responds, as follows:

Google objects to this interrogatory on the grounds that it is premature, improperly seeks expert testimony, and improperly attempts to shift the burden to Google. Sonos has failed to meet its burden to serve infringement contentions that provide Google adequate notice of Sonos's infringement theories and claims for infringement, and thus Google lacks sufficient information to

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1	Even if Sonos had pointed to a "local playback queue" (it has not), Sonos has not		
2	demonstrated that transferring playback "caus[es] one or more first cloud servers to add multimedi		
3	content to a local playback queue on the particular playback device, wherein adding the multimedia		
4	content to the local playback queue comprises the one or more first cloud servers adding, to the local		
5	playback queue, one or more resource locators corresponding to respective locations of the		
6	multimedia content at one or more second cloud servers of a streaming content service."		
7	Sonos's current contentions point only to being added to the local playback		
8	queue. A s not the "multimedia content" under the plain meaning of the claim language. A		
9	person of skill in the art would understand that "content" is the multimedia file or the information		
10	and data within that file. Indeed, the claim		
11	language recites that the playback device must "play back the multimedia content." A person of		
12	skill in the art would understand that		
13	Claim 13 also states that a "resource locator		
14	correspond[s] to the respective locations of the multimedia content at one or more second cloud		
15	servers," thereby distinguishing the "resource locator" (which Sonos has identified as a		
16	from the "content." Relatedly, dependent claim 20, which depends on claim 13, recites "wherein		
17	causing the one or more first cloud servers to add multimedia content to the local playback queue		
18	on the particular playback device comprises causing an identifier of the multimedia content to be		
19	added to the local play back queue," thereby distinguishing an identifier from the multimedia content		
20	itself. Sonos's other patents also distinguish storing a "content identifier" in the playback queue		
21	from storing the content itself. See, e.g., U.S. Patent No. 9,674,587 ("even if the playback queue is		
22	not reachable by the device, it may be desirable to store the content, content identification, and/or		
23	content pointer on the device until a time when the playback queue can be reached.").		
24	Moreover, a laso is also not a "resource locator corresponding to respective		
25	locations of the multimedia content at one or more second cloud servers of a streaming content		
26	service." Google has proposed that the term "resource locator" means an "address of a resource on		
27	the Internet." As mentioned,		
28	to dispute that s not a resource locator under Google's construction. Sonos has also		

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